

Holy Cross Catholic Primary School

Social Media Policy

Written: Spring 2017

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Holy Cross Catholic Primary School Social Media Policy

Holy Cross Catholic is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and expects all staff, parents and volunteers to share this commitment.

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This policy and guidance document recognises that new technologies are an integral and growing part of everyday life and that they make an important contribution to teaching and learning opportunities in Holy Cross Catholic Primary School. This policy also recognises that in the light of the rapid evolution of social networking technologies, Holy Cross Catholic Primary School requires a robust policy framework so that all children and adults working in school are aware of the school's expectations and the rules they are expected to follow when using social media both inside and outside of the school environment.
- 1.2. This policy is designed to ensure that all adults use social media responsibly in order to safeguard the school, its pupils, staff, school governors and members of the wider school community. It is crucial that children are safeguarded and that parents, pupils and the public at large have confidence in the school's decisions and services. Responsible use of social media will ensure that the confidentiality and privacy of pupils and members of staff are maintained and that the reputation and integrity of the school and the Local Authority are protected.
- 1.3. This policy should be read in conjunction with other relevant school policies in particular, the school's Safeguarding Policy, Safer Recruitment Policy, ICT Policy, Code of Conduct, Disciplinary Policy, E-Safety Policy, Mobile Phone Policy and Equality Policy.
- 1.4. This policy takes into account the provisions of the DfE's statutory advice for schools (September 2021 on Keeping Children Safe in Education, the non-statutory guidance on the Prevent Duty (June 2015), and the Briefing Note to schools on "How Social Media is used to encourage travel to Syria and Iraq". It also takes into account the Government's statutory guidance issued under s29 of the Counter -Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (June 2015).

2. Scope and definitions

- 2.1 This policy applies to all adults working in Holy Cross Catholic Primary School and who provide services for or on behalf of the school including employees (teaching and non-teaching staff), self-employed staff, trainee teachers and any other trainees, apprentices, agency staff, external consultants, governors and volunteers.
- 2.2 This policy covers the personal use of social media as well as the use of social media for school purposes (whether official or not), including the use of websites hosted and maintained on behalf of the school.
- 2.3 This policy covers the use of social media and personal blogs and any posts made on other people's blogs and to all on line forums and notice boards. The guidance, rules and principles set out in this policy must be followed irrespective of the social media platform or medium or any new future social media platform.
- 2.4 In this policy, the following definitions apply:-
 - Social media means any type of interactive online media that allows parties to communicate instantly with each other or to share data in a public forum. Social media includes but is not limited to, online social forums such as Twitter, Facebook and LinkedIn and also covers blogs, chatrooms, forums, podcasts and video-image-sharing websites such as YouTube, Flickr, Reddit, Instagram, Snapchat and Tumblr, although this list is not exhaustive. The internet is a fast moving technology and it is impossible to cover all examples of emerging social media in this policy.

- Adults/adults working in school means all members of staff (including teaching and non-teaching staff) who work in Holy Cross Catholic Primary School as an employee or on a self-employed basis. It also includes trainee teachers, other trainees and apprentices, volunteers, agency staff, external consultants and school Governors.
- Information means all types of information including but not limited to, facts, data, comments, audio, video, photographs, images and any other form of online interaction.
- Inappropriate information means information as defined above which any reasonable person would consider to be unsuitable or inappropriate in the circumstances and taking into account the adult's position within the school.
- The school and the wider school community means Holy Cross Catholic primary School, its pupils, all adults working in school (as defined above) parents/carers of pupils, former pupils, the Local Authority and any other person or body directly or indirectly connected with Holy Cross Catholic Primary School.

3. Key Principles

- 3.1 Adults have an important role to play in equipping the school's pupils to stay safe online, both in school and outside of school. Adults therefore need to be aware of the risks associated with the use of social media and in particular about the provision and sharing of information in the social media arena.
- 3.2 Adults must not, whether deliberately or inadvertently and whether in their working time or in their personal time, provide, publish or share inappropriate information on or via any social media platform or medium about the school and the wider school community or about themselves that could damage the reputation of the school.
- 3.3 Adults are accountable for and must take responsibility for all information published or shared by them on social media websites and for any views expressed by them on any such sites, whether in their working time or in their personal time and which may come into the public domain. Adults should be aware that their use of social media and any information published by them may be monitored by the Head Teacher, members of the school's senior leadership team and/or members of the school's Governing Body. By using the school's IT resources and facilities adults give the school consent to monitor their activities.
- 3.4 All adults who provide, publish or share information which causes harm or distress or which has the potential to cause harm or distress or to cause reputational damage to the school and the wider school community will be dealt with as appropriate by the Head Teacher in accordance with the relevant school policy/procedure. This may include action being taken under the school's Safeguarding Policy (which could lead to a referral to the Local Authority and/or the Police) and it could also lead to disciplinary action being taken under the school's Disciplinary Policy which, in serious cases may lead to dismissal without notice.
- 3.5 The principles which underpin this policy are:
 - adults are responsible for their own actions and behaviour and must avoid any conduct which would lead any reasonable person to question their motivation and intentions;
 - adults must be conscious at all times of the need to keep their personal and professional lives separate; adults must not put themselves in a position where there is a conflict between their work and personal interests;
 - adults must work and be seen to work, in an open and transparent way;
 - > adults must continually monitor and review their own practices in terms of the continually evolving world of social networking and social media and ensure that they consistently follow the rules, principles and guidance contained in this policy.

4. Roles and Responsibilities

The Head Teacher and the Governing Body will:-

- ensure that all adults working in school are familiar with this policy and any related policies;
- take all reasonable steps to enable adults working with children to work safely and responsibly and to support safer working practice in general with regard to the use of the internet and other communication technologies;
- take all reasonable steps to assist adults to monitor their own practices and standards with regard to the use of the internet and other communication technologies;
- > set clear rules in relation to the expected standards of behaviour relevant to social networking for educational, personal or recreational use;
- pive a clear message that unlawful or unsafe behaviour or practice is unacceptable and that where appropriate, disciplinary, legal and/or other action will be taken;
- ensure that all concerns raised in relation to the accessing of social media or social networking sites are investigated promptly and appropriately;
- take all reasonable steps to minimise the risk of misplaced or malicious allegations being made against all adults working in school;
- > take all reasonable steps to prevent adults working in school abusing or misusing their position of trust.

Adults working in school must:-

- ensure they are familiar with the contents of this policy;
- adhere to and apply the rules, guidance and principles in this policy in all aspects of their work and in their personal time;
- > act in accordance with their duties and responsibilities under this policy and the statutory/ non statutory advice and guidance referred to;
- raise any concerns or queries in connection with this policy with the Head Teacher;
- attend any training provided or facilitated by or the school in relation to the use of the internet or any other communication technologies;
- > never, in any circumstances, abuse or misuse their position of trust.

5. Safer social networking practice

- 5.1 Adults must be aware of the risks and dangers of revealing personal information on social networking sites. Disclosing personal information on social networking sites may compromise an adult's personal safety and security and it also increases the potential for identity theft by third parties and increases the potential for pupils, their families or friends having access to adults outside of the school environment. Personal information includes information such as a home address, home and mobile telephone numbers and details relating to place of work.
- 5.2 Adults, particularly those new to the school setting, must review their social networking sites when they join the school and should ensure that they have the appropriate privacy settings in place to ensure that information available publicly about them is appropriate and accurate. This should include reviewing any photographs or images that may cause embarrassment to them and/or to the school and the wider school community.

6 Responsibilities when using social media (Appendix 1)

6.1 Adults must take responsibility for their personal telephones and any personal electronic devices and must keep their personal telephone numbers, login details, passwords, pin details and personal email addresses private and secure.

- 6.2 Where there is a need to contact pupils or parents the school's email address and/or telephone should be used. Adults must not use their personal telephones or email accounts for these purposes.
- 6.3 Adults must understand who is allowed to view the content on their social media pages of any websites they use and how to restrict access to certain groups of people. Appropriate privacy settings are vital.
- 6.4 Adults must not request, or respond to a request for any personal information from or about a pupil at the school.
- 6.5 Adults must not engage in conversations about pupils with their parents or carers or with any other person by any form of social networking or social media unless they have the express permission of the Head Teacher to do so.
- 6.6 Adults must only use the official school website for communicating with parents or to enable pupils to communicate with each other using authorised and previously agreed protocols. Any communications with pupils (including by email, telephone or text communications) outside of agreed protocols will be treated as a very serious conduct matter and may lead to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. It may also lead to a criminal investigation.
- 6.7 Adults must never "follow" or allow themselves to be "followed", or make a "friend" of or have any contact with a pupil at the school on any social networking site. The only exception to this rule is where the pupil is a member of the adult's family provided agreed protocols are followed and the family relationship has been identified to and acknowledged by the Head Teacher.
- 6.8 In cases where a pupil is a family member, adults must be aware that if the family relationship has not been identified and acknowledged by the school, contact through social networking or social media will be a breach of this policy (and therefore will be treated as a serious conduct issue). Adults must be clear that such contact could also be misconstrued as being part of a grooming process. Since family relationships can be easily identified and recognised, adults must notify the Head Teacher of any family relationship with a pupil so that the position can be formally acknowledged, discussed and recorded.
- 6.9 Adults must never use or access the social networking sites or social networking pages of pupils at the school unless the pupil is a member of the adult's family and the family relationship has been acknowledged and discussed in advance with the Head Teacher. Adults have a duty to report any pupil social networking pages as all Holy Cross Catholic Primary pupils are under the age of 13, which is the recommended age for the majority (but not all) social networking sites.
- 6.10 Adults must be cautious about any form of social networking contact with former pupils particularly where siblings or other relatives continue to attend the school or may attend the school in future.
- 6.11 Adults must not follow or be followed by parents/carers of pupils, accepting parents of pupils as friends on Facebook or having contact with parents/carers on any social networking site. Adults must be mindful at all times of the boundaries between their work and personal life in accordance with the Key Principles detailed in this policy.
- 6.12 Adults must also be cautious when inviting work colleagues to be friends on social networking sites. Social networking sites can blur the boundaries between work and personal lives and it may be difficult to maintain professional relationships.

- 6.13 Adults must not use social media and the internet in any way to attack, insult, criticise, abuse or defame pupils, family members of pupils, colleagues, the Head Teacher, governors, the school in general and the wider school community. Adults must always show respect to others when using social media.
- 6.14 Adults must never post derogatory remarks or offensive comments on-line or engage in on-line activities which may bring them or the school and the wider school community into disrepute or which could be interpreted as reflecting negatively on their professionalism.
- 6.15 Adults must not represent their personal views on any social media forum as being in any way linked to the school or being the views of the school.
- 6.16 Photographs, videos or any other types of images of pupils and their families or images depicting staff members or where the school can be identified must not be published on social media.
- 6.17 Where social networking and other web-based sites have fields in the user profile relating to job title or information, adults, particularly teachers and teaching assistants, should not put any information onto the site which could identify the school or their role/profession at the school. In some circumstances the provision of such information could damage the reputation of the school and/or the relevant profession.
- 6.18 Teachers must at all times be mindful of the Teachers' Standards applicable to their profession and act in accordance with those standards. The Teacher Standards make clear that a teacher must uphold public trust in the profession and maintain high standards of ethics and behaviour both within and outside of school, by ensuring that personal beliefs are not expressed in ways which exploit pupils' vulnerability or might lead them to break the law. Any breach of the Teacher Standards will be considered a matter of misconduct and may lead to formal disciplinary action being taken.
- 6.19 Adults must devote the whole of their time and attention to their duties during working hours. Personal use of the internet is not permitted during working hours and any breach of this provision will be regarded as a conduct matter and disciplinary action taken as appropriate.
- 6.20 Confidentiality issues must be considered at all times in relation to social networking and the use of social media. All employees are bound by a common law duty of fidelity. There are also other laws which protect the school's confidential information which adults working in school may have access to during the course of their work. Confidential information includes but is not limited to person identifiable information for example pupil and employee records, information protected by the Data Protection Act 1998 and information provided by the school in the expectation of confidence including information about the school, pupils and the families of pupils, the school's staffing or business plans, and any other commercially or politically sensitive information.
- 6.21 Adults must ensure that they do not provide, publish share or otherwise disclose any confidential information about themselves or about the school and the wider school community in breach of their duty of fidelity or in breach of other laws relating to confidentiality and privacy including the Human Rights Act 1998, and the Data Protection Act 1998.
- 6.22 Adults must ensure they understand their obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and under the school's Equality Policy. Breaches of the Equality Act 2010 or the school's Equality Policy through the use of social networking or social media will be considered a serious conduct matter which may lead to disciplinary action up to an including dismissal. Adults should also be aware that they could be held personally liable for their own discriminatory actions under the Equality Act 2010. If, for example an adult were to harass a co-worker online or engage in a discriminatory act in relation to one of the protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010, this may result in legal action being taken against them.

- 6.23 Adults should also be aware that there are other laws relating to libel, defamation, harassment and copyright which may apply to information, published or posted by them on social media and which could lead to legal action being taken against them.
- 6.24 All concerns about communications, social contact or social media/social networking issues must be raised with the Head Teacher immediately.

7 Access to inappropriate images

- 7.1 There are no circumstances which justify adults possessing indecent images of children whether in working time or in an adult's personal time. Adults who access and/or possess links to such material or websites will be viewed as a significant and potential threat of harm to children. Appropriate action will be taken against the adult concerned in these circumstances which, for the avoidance of doubt, will include action under the school's Safeguarding Policy (which could lead to police and Local Authority involvement) and disciplinary action (which could result in dismissal without notice on the grounds of gross misconduct). Where indecent images of children are found by any adult, the Head Teacher must be informed immediately.
- 7.2 Adults must not use equipment belonging to the school to access pornography or adult or explicit material of any kind. Personal equipment containing these images or links to them must not be brought into school. If any adult uses school equipment or personal equipment in school to access pornography or links to it, this will raise serious concerns about the suitability of the adult concerned to work with children. This will lead to an investigation and may lead to disciplinary action and any other action considered appropriate in the circumstances.
- 7.3 Adults must ensure that pupils are not exposed to any inappropriate information, images or web links. The school will endeavour to ensure that internet equipment used by pupils has the appropriate controls with regards to access. Any concerns or potential issues identified by any adult must be reported immediately to the ICT technician or Computing Lead as well as the Head Teacher.
- 7.4 Where any form of unsuitable material is found, which may not be illegal but which could or does raise concerns about an adult working in school, the Head Teacher should be informed immediately. The Head Teacher may take HR or legal advice on the appropriate way forward.

8 Social Media within the Curriculum

- 8.1 It is a requirement of the National Curriculum that Pupils: "are responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology"
- 8.2 In Key Stage 1, pupils should be taught to: "Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies"
- 8.3 In Key Stage 2, pupils should be taught to: "Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact."

9 Teaching of Social Networking

9.1 Children have access to Social networking platforms such as email, or blogging websites as a means of safe social networking and strictly supervised as part of the computing curriculum. Appropriate and respectful behaviour on these platforms is explicitly taught and concerns of misuse are to be forwarded to the Computing Co-ordinator for investigation and action where necessary. Parents will be made aware of more serious cases.

9.2 The computing curriculum provides opportunities for children to be reminded of their 'digital footprints' as well as their responsibilities online and where to report concerns. Depending on the privacy policy of the company, it is a violation for users under the age of 13 to have or use social media accounts. Therefore, at no times will children have direct access to school or personal social media accounts.

10. School social media websites

- 10.1 There must be a strong pedagogical or business reason for creating an official school social media/social networking website including websites to communicate with pupils. Adults must not create websites for reasons which could expose the school to unwelcome publicity or which could cause reputational damage to the school. The matter must have been discussed, authorised and agreed with the Head Teacher in advance of any school website, including social media websites, being created.
- 10.2 Adults must at all times act in the best interests of the school and the pupils when creating, participating in or contributing to the content of any website created on behalf of the school.
- 10.3 Adults with access to the school social media accounts must ensure that content posted on the accounts reflects the respectful and inclusive ethos prescribed by the school. Adults using the accounts on behalf of the school may not comment on or reply to any statement that could bring the school's reputation into disrepute. Furthermore, adults recognise that content posted is a permanent representation of the school and content/interactions with community members will be monitored.
- 10.4 Photos of pupils may not be stored on personal devices and must be checked against the photo permission list before posting photos of the children online to ensure privacy is respected at all times. Photos of pupils will not be posted with names attached.
- 10.5 The work posted to the accounts reflects the learning inside the school and must uphold the high standards set within the school.
- 10.6 Use of the school social media accounts must adhere to Child Protection and Data Protection Policy at all times. Adults with access will only post content during non-teaching time, unless using the accounts with pupils for the purpose of teaching social media.
- 10.7 Access to accounts must never be shared with anyone other than those designated and each member of adults with access is accountable for their use of the school social media as per the disciplinary policy.
- 10.8 School Twitter Twitter (@HolyCrossRM15) will be used to share quick examples of work, events and accomplishments within the school community. Anyone may 'follow' the school Twitter page, retweet, comment on and interact with the content in a respectful manner that would be expected for any interaction that would happen on school property. Failure to comply with community standards set by Twitter and the school, will result in the user being blocked from the page. The school twitter page will not be used to 'follow' individual profiles.
- 10.9 The school website (www.holycrossprimary.com) will serve as the main communication tool where all policies and statutory documents are shared. The social media accounts may refer users to the website for additional information. All significant events in the school community and outstanding examples of pupil's work may be shared on the school website.

11. Cyberbullying and Trolling

- 11.1 "Cyberbullying" can be defined as "the use of modern communication technologies to embarrass, humiliate, threaten or intimidate an individual in the attempt to gain power and control over them.'
- 11.2 If cyberbullying takes place, adults should keep records of the abuse, texts, e-mails, website or instant messages and should not delete the said texts, e-mails or messages. Adults are advised to take screen prints of messages or web pages and to be careful to record the time, date and location of the site.
- 11.3 Trolling" can be defined as "circumstances where a person sows discord on the internet by starting arguments or upsetting people by posting inflammatory messages in an online community with the deliberate intent of provoking readers into an emotional response;'
- 11.4 If trolling occurs, adults are advised to take screen prints of messages and should not delete any evidence of trolling.
- 11.5 Adults must report all incidents of cyberbullying and/or trolling to the Head Teacher. Any such incidents will be taken very seriously. Adults who have been subjected to cyberbullying or trolling may wish to seek the support of their trade union or professional association representative.

12. Sexting

- 12.1 'Sexting' is one of a number of 'risk-taking' behaviours associated with the use of digital devices, social media or the internet. It is accepted that young people experiment and challenge boundaries and therefore the risks associated with 'online' activity can never be completely eliminated.
- 12.2 However Holy Cross Catholic Primary School takes a pro-active approach to help students to understand, assess, manage and avoid the risks associated with 'online activity'. The school recognises its duty of care to its young people who do find themselves involved in such activity as well as its responsibility to report such behaviours where legal or safeguarding boundaries are crossed.
- 12.3 There are a number of definitions of 'sexting' but for the purposes of this policy sexting is simply defined as:
 - Images or videos generated by children under the age of 18, or of children under the age of 18 that are of a sexual nature or are indecent.
 - These images are shared between young people and/or adults via a mobile phone, handheld device, computer, 'tablet' or website with people they may not even know.
- 12.4 When searching a mobile device the following conditions should apply:
 - > The search is conducted by the Head Teacher or a person authorised by them and one other person
 - ➤ A member of the safeguarding team should normally be present
 - > The search should normally be conducted by a member of the same gender as the person being searched.
 - However if the image being searched for is likely to be of a different gender to the person 'in possession'
 - > the device should only be viewed by a member of the same gender as the person whose image it is.
 - If any illegal images of a young person are found the Safeguarding Team will discuss this with the Police.
- 12.5 The Association of Chief Police Officers (ACPO) advise that as a general rule it will almost always be proportionate to refer any incident involving 'aggravated' sharing of images to the Police, whereas purely 'experimental' conduct may proportionately dealt with without such referral, most particularly if it involves the

young person sharing images of themselves. 'Experimental conduct' commonly refers to that shared between two individuals (e.g. girlfriend and boyfriend) with no intention to publish the images further.

- 12.6 Coercion is not a feature of such conduct, neither are requests for images sent from one person to multiple other young persons. Any conduct involving, or possibly involving, the knowledge or participation of adults should always be referred to the police. If an 'experimental' incident is not referred to the Police, the reasons for this should be recorded in the school's 'Safeguarding Incidents Log'.
- 12.7 Always put the young person first. Do not search the device if this will cause additional stress to the student/person whose image has been distributed. Instead rely on the description by the young person, secure the advice and contact the Police.

13. The Prevent Duty

- 13.1 Schools have a vital role to play in equipping children and young people to stay safe online, both in and outside school and also in protecting pupils from the risks of extremism and radicalisation. Section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 places a duty on specified authorities, (including schools) in the exercise of their functions, to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism (the Prevent Duty).
- 13.2 Terrorist organisations, such as ISIL, are attempting to radicalise and recruit young people through extensive use of social media and the internet. As with any other online risks of harm, every adult in school (teachers and teaching assistants in particular) must be aware of the risks posed by the online activity of extremist and terrorist groups.
- 13.3 The Government has issued statutory guidance in relation to the Prevent Duty (June 2015). In addition, to assist schools and to help recipients understand the implications of the duty, the DfE has also produced non statutory advice (June 2015). Adults should familiarise themselves with the guidance and the advice. This is completed annually during Safeguarding training.
- 13.4 The statutory guidance makes clear the need for schools to ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in schools. The school will ensure that suitable filtering is in place. Internet safety is integral to the school's ICT curriculum and the school will ensure it is embedded in the school curriculum. In addition to advice on internet safety provided by the school, further general advice and resources for schools on internet safety are available on the UK Safer Internet Centre website.
- 13.5 Keeping children safe from risks posed by terrorist exploitation of social media should be approached by adults in school in the same way as safeguarding children from any other form of online abuse. The DfE has produced a briefing note aimed mainly at Head Teachers, teachers and safeguarding leads in schools detailing how social media platforms are being used in particular to encourage travel to Syria and Iraq. All adults in school (teachers and teaching assistants in particular), should familiarise themselves with the contents of the briefing note and must ensure that if they have any concerns, the school's normal safeguarding procedures are followed.
- 13.6 For the avoidance of doubt, if any adult working in school has a concern that a particular pupil or group of pupils is at risk of radicalisation or terrorist exploitation, through social media or otherwise, they must immediately contact the Head Teacher and follow the school's normal safeguarding procedures, including discussing the matter with the school's designated safeguarding lead and where deemed necessary, with children's social care at the Local Authority and the local police.

14. Personal use of social media by Parents and Carers

14.1 The school encourages all members of the community in the same responsible and respectful use of social media that is taught to pupils. All matters regarding the school are to be communicated via appropriate channels (see complaints procedure) so that they may be dealt with fairly and effectively for all concerned. Abusive, libellous or defamatory comments on social media regarding the school, staff or pupils will be reported to the site's 'report abuse' section for immediate removal.

15. Complaints Procedure

15.1 If a parent/carer or member of staff has any concerns or complaints with regard to social media, an appointment can be made by them to speak to the Computing Coordinator or a member of the school leadership team, who will investigate the complaint and if necessary will be able to advise on formal procedures for complaint.

16. Breaches of Policy and Other Issues

- 16.1 Any breach of this policy and the duties, responsibilities, professional standards and legal obligations referred to will be regarded as a serious matter and action including disciplinary action in appropriate circumstances will be taken by the Head Teacher (or the Governing Body). In serious cases involving employees this may lead to dismissal without notice on the grounds of gross misconduct.
- 16.2 Where there has been a breach of this policy, the school will also take whatever action is considered appropriate in order to protect the reputation and integrity of the school and the wider school community.
- 16.3 Adults must be aware that any breach of this policy involving a breach of the laws, professional codes or other statutory provisions referred to in this policy may result in legal or other action being taken against them by a body or person other than the school.

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Associated Reading

The 2021 Keeping Children Safe in Education statutory guidance depicts a flowchart, on what actions to take when there are concerns about a child. These processes should also be followed as appropriate, when staff have concerns about a child's online safety / concerns prompted by a child's behaviour online: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2

Advice for practitioners (including school staff) provides detailed information as to what to do if there are concerns a child is being abused, by the Department of Education, UK Government: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/what-to-do-if-youre-worried-a-child-is-being-abused

Sexting Guidance document by the UK CEOP, the Child Exploitation Command of the National Crime Agency (NCA). This document includes a Sexting response flowchart in Annex 1: https://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/Teachers/blog/Dates/2013/3/Sexting-in-schools-What-to-do-and-how-tohandle-it

Appropriate filtering and monitoring guides for schools and education settings, by the UK Safer Internet Centre: http://www.saferinternet.org.uk/advice-and-resources/teachers-and-professionals/appropriatefiltering-and-monitoring

CEOP Safety Centre - for help, advice or to report an incident: http://www.ceop.police.uk/

The Professionals Online Safety Helpline, by the UK Safer Internet Centre: http://www.saferinternet.org.uk/about/helpline

CEOP offers one day training for professionals (paid Ambassador training) on online safety. https://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/teachers/training/paidtrainingDetails/

UK Safer Internet Centre advice and resources for teachers and professionals: http://www.saferinternet.org.uk/advice-and-resources/teachers-and-professionals

Online Safety Briefings from young people: www.onlinesafetylive.com

Childnet's Professional resources: http://www.childnet.com/teachers-and-professionals

Keeping Children Safe Online by the children's charity NSPCC and CEOP, is an online introductory safeguarding course for anyone who works with children: https://www.nspcc.org.uk/what-you-can-do/get-experttraining/keeping-children-safe-online-course/

Appendix 1 - Staff and Governors Social Media Agreement

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Adults must only use the official school website for communicating with parents or to enable pupils to communicate with each other using authorised and previously agreed protocols. Any communications with pupils (including by email, telephone or text communications) outside of agreed protocols will be treated as a very serious conduct matter and may lead to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. It may also lead to a criminal investigation.

Adults must never "follow" or allow themselves to be "followed", or make a "friend" of or have any contact with a pupil at the school on any social networking site. The only exception to this rule is where the pupil is a member of the adult's family provided agreed protocols are followed and the family relationship has been identified to and acknowledged by the Head Teacher.

In cases where a pupil is a family member, adults must be aware that if the family relationship has not been identified and acknowledged by the school, contact through social networking or social media will be a breach of this policy (and therefore will be treated as a serious conduct issue). Adults must be clear that such contact could also be misconstrued as being part of a grooming process. Since family relationships can be easily identified and recognised, adults must notify the Head Teacher of any family relationship with a pupil so that the position can be formally acknowledged, discussed and recorded.

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Adults must be cautious about any form of social networking contact with former pupils particularly where siblings or other relatives continue to attend the school or may attend the school in future.

Adults must not follow or be followed by parents/carers of pupils, accepting parents of pupils as friends on Facebook or having contact with parents/carers on any social networking site. Adults must be mindful at all times of the boundaries between their work and personal life in accordance with the Key Principles detailed in this policy.

Adults must also be cautious when inviting work colleagues to be friends on social networking sites. Social networking sites can blur the boundaries between work and personal lives and it may be difficult to maintain professional relationships.

Adults must not use social media and the internet in any way to attack, insult, criticise, abuse or defame pupils, family members of pupils, colleagues, the Head Teacher, governors, the school in general and the wider school community. Adults must always show respect to others when using social media.

Adults must never post derogatory remarks or offensive comments on-line or engage in on-line activities which may bring them or the school and the wider school community into disrepute or which could be interpreted as reflecting negatively on their professionalism.

Adults must not represent their personal views on any social media forum as being in any way linked to the school or being the views of the school.

Photographs, videos or any other types of images of pupils and their families or images depicting staff members or where the school can be identified must not be published on social media.

Where social networking and other web-based sites have fields in the user profile relating to job title or information, adults, particularly teachers and teaching assistants, should not put any information onto the site which could identify the school or their role/profession at the school. In some circumstances the provision of such information could damage the reputation of the school and/or the relevant profession.

Teachers must at all times be mindful of the Teachers' Standards applicable to their profession and act in accordance with those standards. The Teacher Standards make clear that a teacher must uphold public trust in the profession and maintain high standards of ethics and behaviour both within and outside of school, by ensuring that personal beliefs are not expressed in ways which exploit pupils' vulnerability or might lead them to break the law. Any breach of the Teacher Standards will be considered a matter of misconduct and may lead to formal disciplinary action being taken.

Adults must devote the whole of their time and attention to their duties during working hours. Personal use of the internet is not permitted during working hours and any breach of this provision will be regarded as a conduct matter and disciplinary action taken as appropriate.

Confidentiality issues must be considered at all times in relation to social networking and the use of social media. All employees are bound by a common law duty of fidelity. There are also other laws which protect the school's confidential information which adults working in school may have access to during the course of their work. Confidential information includes but is not limited to person identifiable information for example pupil and employee records, information protected by the Data Protection Act 1998 and information provided by the school in the expectation of confidence including information about the school, pupils and the families of pupils, the school's staffing or business plans, and any other commercially or politically sensitive information.

Adults must ensure that they do not provide, publish share or otherwise disclose any confidential information about themselves or about the school and the wider school community in breach of their duty of fidelity or in breach of other laws relating to confidentiality and privacy including the Human Rights Act 1998, and the Data Protection Act 1998.

Adults must ensure they understand their obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and under the school's Equality Policy. Breaches of the Equality Act 2010 or the school's Equality Policy through the use of social networking or social media will be considered a serious conduct matter which may lead to disciplinary action up to an including dismissal. Adults should also be aware that they could be held personally liable for their own discriminatory actions under the Equality Act 2010. If, for example an adult were to harass a co-worker online or engage in a discriminatory act in relation to one of the protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010, this may result in legal action being taken against them.

Adults should also be aware that there are other laws relating to libel, defamation, harassment and copyright which may apply to information, published or posted by them on social media and which could lead to legal action being taken against them.

All concerns about communications, social contact or social media/social networking issues must be raised with the Head Teacher immediately.

I confirm that I have read the whole Holy Cross Catholic Primary School Social Media policy and understand the guidance and implications summarised above and listed fully in the policy.	
Signed:	Date: